## Job Architecture for Law Departments -

 Optimizing Your Organization Structure
## April 2024

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## Job Architecture Impacts Both Career and Compensation



## Employee Value Proposition of Law Firm and Corporate Law Very Different

| Component | Law Firm | In-House Corporate |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mission | Client service; legal excellence | Align with corporate goals; legal and <br> business integration |
| People | Collaboration with legal experts; <br> competitive environment | Collaboration with business teams; <br> diverse professional environment |
| Work Environment | High-pressure; focus on billable <br> hours | More predictable hours; opportunity <br> for work-life balance |
| Career | Path to equity partner; tenure- <br> driven progression | Opportunities for varied legal roles; <br> merit-driven progression |
| Rewards | Salary; profit sharing; performance <br> bonuses | Salary; annual incentives; long-term <br> incentives |

## What is Job Architecture?

Job architecture is a structured framework that organizes and defines job roles, levels, families, and career pathways within an organization to ensure clarity, consistency, and alignment with people and business goals.

| Element | Definition |
| :--- | :--- |
| Job Function | A grouping of jobs involving similar professional disciplines. <br> Example: In a large company, a job function might be Legal Services, encompassing roles related to legal <br> advising and litigation. |
| Job Family | The specific category within a job function that describes the nature of work performed. <br> Example: Contract Law, Intellectual Property, Compliance, etc., within the Legal Services function. |
| Job Level | Defines the hierarchy within the job family and function, indicating the level of responsibility and authority. <br> Example: Associate Counsel (entry), Senior Counsel (mid), Chief Counsel (senior). |
| Job Role | The specific title and position held by an employee, detailing unique responsibilities. <br> Example: Senior Counsel - Intellectual Property. Role: Individual Contributor |
| Job Titles | Specific designations given to job roles within the organization. <br> Example: Legal Assistant, Associate Counsel, Legal Manager, Chief Legal Officer. |
| Job Grade | A classification system that assigns a value to each job role based on responsibilities, complexity, and <br> qualifications. <br> Example: Grade 5 for Junior Paralegals, Grade 10 for Senior Counsels. |
| Career Path | Planned routes for employee advancement within or across job families. <br> Example: A an Associate Counsel might advance to Intermediate Counsel and potentially to Senior Counsel. |

## Examples of Function, Family, and Level


arking under general direction, provides legal advice and recommendations to executives and management regarding complex legal matters which have or may have a material dollar impact on business activities and operations. Performs assignments characterized by specialized depth and breadth, and many Attorneys "top out" at this career level. Works on complex issues, problems, or assignments of large scope, impact, and importance where business acumen, leadership and ingenuity are required. May work in a broad legal discipline(s), or narrow, intensely specialized field(s). Trains and mentors staff and may lead or manage sizable projects. Possesses advanced knowledge in a specialized legal discipline(s) AND has a seasoned understanding of the business and industry environment and the strategic business context. Demonstrates exceptional initiative, creativity, communication, and "technical" skills. Possesses project management skills and may act in a lead capacity. Negotiates, and applies a variety of complex methods and tactics with significant autonomy to develop customized solutions. Keeps abeast consults with outside counsel, drafts, and executes legal documents, and gathers relevant case information. Troubleshoots complex issues referred from above and below, handles large, high volume/high impact cases, and may independently perform major segments of large, long term, or high impact projects or cases. Recommends legal solutions making significant contributions to operational and law department policy and procedures. Trains, assists, and provides technical direction to less experienced Attorneys and paraprofessionals. Qualifications: JD degree from an accredited program is required plus $8-10$ years of combined law firm and corporate post bar legal experience. May be a member of the bar in multiple states,
Relying on judgment gained from legal and corporate experience, continues to build legal expertise and knowledge of the operational and business context. Provides advice, documentation, and action recommendations to executives, management, or outside counsel regarding legal matters of intermediate to
 issues orquis rea
 business dynamics iate officielly 1 strategic business context, may take initiative to conduct specialized research, consult with outside counsel, or draft and execute legal documents of moderate cor Ger oraty complex work and integrates resurces and interim actions to meet deallines. Demonstrates initiative and exercises effective interpersor,
 Sordinate a portion of large, complex, or high impact case or project May participate on more complex projects or assignments with lonser term stratesic mpact under closer "technical" or managerial direction. Visibility and contacts may be both internal and external, in collaboration with outside counsel Builds nd maintains effective working relationships and may interface at the leadership level ; independently resolves a variety of problems that have moderate impact business cost, liability protection or exposure and/or operational efficiency. Qualifications. ID degree from an accredited program is required plus 5-7 years of combined law firm and corporate post bar legal experience. May be a member of the bar in multiple states
rovides professional legal services, professional support, and recommendations, generally by working in concert with more senior staff, on varied assignments of mited scope and complexity. Knowledge at this level is broader than entry and may include solid exposure and experience in one or more operational and/or necialty areas. Quickly and independently resolves various routine and non-routine problems, seeking assistance on complex matters. Has some latitude to set work priorities and may assist on special projects or may independently perform a small non-complex section of a larger project. Generally, receives specific direction from management or more senior law professionals as to expected outcomes, processes, and schedules. Handles a sizable caseload and executes non omplex assignments with accuracy and relative speed. Incumbents may deal directly with management and executives on more routine legal and operational matters. Casework and legal activities support the basis for advice, counsel, filings, actions, and decisions on the part of legal staff or legal and operational management. Applies knowledge and experience in one or more legal specialties, while developing a deeper and broader understanding of the company's business operations and departmental goals and objectives. Employs standard research methods, techniques, case law, and other professional concepts to resolve a wide variety of non-complex but specialized problems or inquiries. May independently research principles and precedents, consult with inside or outside counsel, draft or execute legal documents, and consolidate relevant information. May provide work guidance to paraprofessional and/or support staff. Possesses solid written, verbal, interpersonal, analytical, research and application skills where incumbents can work autonomously on non-complex matters. Qualifications: D degree from an accredited program plus $3-5$ years of combined post bar law firm and corporate experience is typically required. May be a member of the bar in

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## Examples of Specialty

| Area | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Litigation | Manages all litigation involving the company, including lawsuits and <br> disputes, and oversees outside legal counsel. |
| Employment Law | Handles legal matters related to employment, including contracts, <br> employee disputes, and compliance with labor laws. |
| Intellectual Property | Oversees the protection and management of the company's <br> intellectual property, such as patents, trademarks, and copyrights. |
| Corporate Governance | Deals with issues related to corporate governance, including board <br> of director affairs and compliance with corporate laws. |
| Contract Law | Manages the drafting, negotiation, and enforcement of company <br> contracts with suppliers, clients, and partners. |
| Mergers \& Acquisitions | Handles legal aspects of mergers, acquisitions, and divestitures, <br> including due diligence and integration processes. |
| Compliance | Ensures that the company complies with all regulatory requirements <br> and internal policies. |
| Real Estate | Manages legal issues related to the company's real estate assets, <br> including acquisitions, leasing, and disposals. |
| Environmental Law | Addresses legal matters related to environmental regulations and the <br> company's environmental impact. |
| Tax Law | Oversees legal issues related to taxation, including corporate tax <br> planning and disputes with tax authorities. |

Importance of Work Elements for In-House Counsel
Based on 2023 Survey of Approximately 2,000 Attorneys in over 300 Organizations

Compensation and Work-Life Are Two Most Important Issues to InHouse Counsel


## Compensation Consists of Primarily Three Elements



Career and Compensation Data from Approximately 150 Leading Organizations


## Market Pay Levels and Pay Mix By Job



Source- ACC/Empsight 2023 Survey of Large Companies Legal Counsel

## Market Pay Levels and Pay Mix By Job

| Job | Companies | Employees | Base Pay Median | Total Cash Median | Total Direct Compensation Median |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chief Legal Officer / General Counsel \& Corporate Secretary (EVP) | 98 | 101 | \$580,000 | \$1,110,000 | \$1,895,820 |
| VP Associate General Counsel - Business Line / Legal Specialty | 62 | 350 | \$290,141 | \$403,104 | \$485,452 |
| Division General Counsel (VP) | 28 | 204 | \$279,013 | \$381,702 | \$506,061 |
| Managing Attorney | 73 | 592 | \$240,655 | \$295,606 | \$329,843 |
| Expert Attorney | 104 | 1,542 | \$231,500 | \$292,305 | \$332,232 |
| Senior Attorney | 142 | 2,240 | \$199,293 | \$240,307 | \$250,546 |
| Intermediate Attorney | 130 | 1,399 | \$167,728 | \$191,615 | \$192,772 |
| Sr. Manager Legal Operations (Non-Lawyer) | 18 | 85 | \$153,766 | \$174,958 | \$174,958 |
| Associate Attorney | 79 | 394 | \$136,028 | \$147,069 | \$148,539 |
| Senior Paralegal | 135 | 1,025 | \$97,815 | \$103,665 | \$103,763 |
| Senior Administrative Assistant / Legal Secretary | 53 | 773 | \$75,816 | \$80,798 | \$80,798 |



Source-ACC/Empsight2023 Survey of Large Companies Legal Counsel

## Job Hierarchy- Executives



| Career Stream Executive ${ }^{\text {T }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Level and Job | $1 \mathbf{T}$ Companies | Employees | Median Salary |
| EEVP | 99 | 102 | \$580,000 |
| Chief Legal Officer / General Counsel | 99 | 102 |  |
| ESVP | 205 | 597 | \$371,315 |
| Deputy General Counsel | 64 | 143 |  |
| Assoc GC Business Line / Spec | 57 | 295 |  |
| Chief Compliance Officer / Top Compliance Exec | 27 | 35 |  |
| Division General Counsel | 22 | 78 |  |
| Compliance | 18 | 22 |  |
| Top Government Relations | 17 | 24 |  |
| $\square \mathrm{VP}$ | 259 | 951 | \$288,318 |
| Assoc GC Business Line / Spec | 64 | 358 |  |
| Compliance | 48 | 162 |  |
| Division General Counsel | 28 | 204 |  |
| Corporate Secretary | 24 | 28 |  |
| Gov't Relations Federal | 22 | 29 |  |
| Deputy General Counsel | 22 | 44 |  |
| Privacy | 15 | 15 |  |
| Regulatory | 13 | 34 |  |
| Associate General Counsel - Intellectual Property | 12 | 40 |  |
| Claims Litigation Regiona/Division General Counsel | ) 11 | 37 |  |
| Grand Total | 563 | 1,650 | \$334,769 |

## Job Hierarchy- Directors and Managers

| Career Stream Management |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Level and Job | - Companies | Employees | Median Salary |
| $\boxminus$ Senior Director | 41 | 152 | \$234,194 |
| Compliance | 28 | 131 |  |
| Legal Operations | 13 | 21 |  |
| ${ }_{\square}$ Director | 212 | 1,320 | \$219,061 |
| Compliance | 77 | 563 |  |
| Attorney | 69 | 658 |  |
| Privacy | 22 | 27 |  |
| Legal Operations | 16 | 28 |  |
| Corporate Secretary | 16 | 21 |  |
| IP Attorney | 12 | 23 |  |
| $\square$ Senior Manager | 20 | 94 | \$153,766 |
| Legal Operations | 20 | 94 |  |
| © Manager | 182 | 1,056 | \$152,582 |
| Attorney | 74 | 606 |  |
| Paralegal | 24 | 48 |  |
| Legal Operations | 23 | 58 |  |
| Claims Litigation Trial Attorney | 17 | 153 |  |
| Contract Administrator | 16 | 135 |  |
| Privacy | 15 | 33 |  |
| Legal Administration | 13 | 23 |  |
| Grand Total | 455 | 2,622 | \$187,787 |



## Job Hierarchy- Attorneys




## Job Hierarchy- Attorneys



## Job Hierarchy- Professional

| Career Stream | Professional | T |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Level and Job | ${ }_{1 T}$ Companies | Employees | Median Salary |
| $\square$ Lead | 42 | 259 | \$120,781 |
| Contract Administrator | 14 | 155 |  |
| Legal Operations | 14 | 47 |  |
| Contract Negotiator | 14 | 57 |  |
| $\square$ Senior | 126 | 557 | \$111,309 |
| Contract Administrator | 40 | 312 |  |
| Legal Operations | 20 | 80 |  |
| Assistant Corporate Secretary /Analyst | t 14 | 38 |  |
| Privacy | 14 | 22 |  |
| Legal Records Administrator | 14 | 60 |  |
| eDiscovery | 12 | 20 |  |
| Patent Agent | 12 | 25 |  |
| EIntermediate | 81 | 472 | \$85,990 |
| Contract Administrator | 44 | 307 |  |
| Legal Records Administrator | 20 | 88 |  |
| Legal Operations | 17 | 77 |  |
| $\square$ Associate | 14 | 95 | \$67,686 |
| Contract Administrator | 14 | 95 |  |
| Grand Total | 263 | 1,383 | \$104,797 |



## Job Hierarchy- Paralegal

| Career Stream | Paralegal |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Level and Job $\mid$ T | Companies | Employees | Median Salary |
| $\boxminus$ Lead Paralegal | 37 | 158 | \$117,350 |
| Paralegal | 37 | 158 |  |
| Senior Paralegal | 142 | 1,082 | \$97,815 |
| Paralegal | 142 | 1,082 |  |
| Paralegal | 134 | 927 | \$82,350 |
| Paralegal | 134 | 927 |  |
| $\square$ Associate Paralegal | 50 | 218 | \$70,573 |
| Paralegal | 50 | 218 |  |
| Grand Total | 363 | 2,385 | \$92,022 |

## A Process to Determine Optimal Job Architecture



| $\mathbf{1}$ | Conduct a Job Inventory: Collect and document all existing job roles, titles, descriptions, responsibilities, and reporting <br> structures. |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Benchmark Roles: Compare existing roles against market standards using industry-specific salary surveys and job <br> description databases. |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Define Job Families: Group similar jobs into families based on shared functions, skills, or career paths. |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Establish Job Functions: Identify different functions within each job family that describe the nature of work and align with <br> organizational goals. |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Create Job Levels: Develop clear career progression paths by establishing job levels from entry-level to senior <br> management, reflecting increasing responsibility and scope. |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Assign Job Grades: Link roles to a grading system that reflects their level of responsibility and market competitiveness in <br> compensation. |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Draft and Review Job Descriptions: Write detailed job descriptions for each role including duties, necessary <br> qualifications, and their role within the organization. |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | Stakeholder Consultation: Engage with key stakeholders to gather input and ensure alignment with strategic objectives <br> and operational needs. |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | Implement and Communicate: Roll out the new job architecture with clear communication about the changes and their <br> benefits, including training sessions for understanding. |



## Emerging Job Architecture Considerations: Changes on the Horizon

Remote and Virtual Work: The Future is Here
Al and Automation: Replacing or Enhancing Jobs?

- Research
- Drafting Documents
- Analyzing Documents

Gig Economy: A Major Trend in Labor Work

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## ABOUT ACC

The Association of Corporate Counsel (ACC) is a global legal association that promotes he common professional and business interests of in-house counsel who work for corporations, associations and oiner organizations through information, education, empled by over 10,000 organization in 85 countris, ACC connects its members to the poople and resources necessany for both personal and professional growth

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